



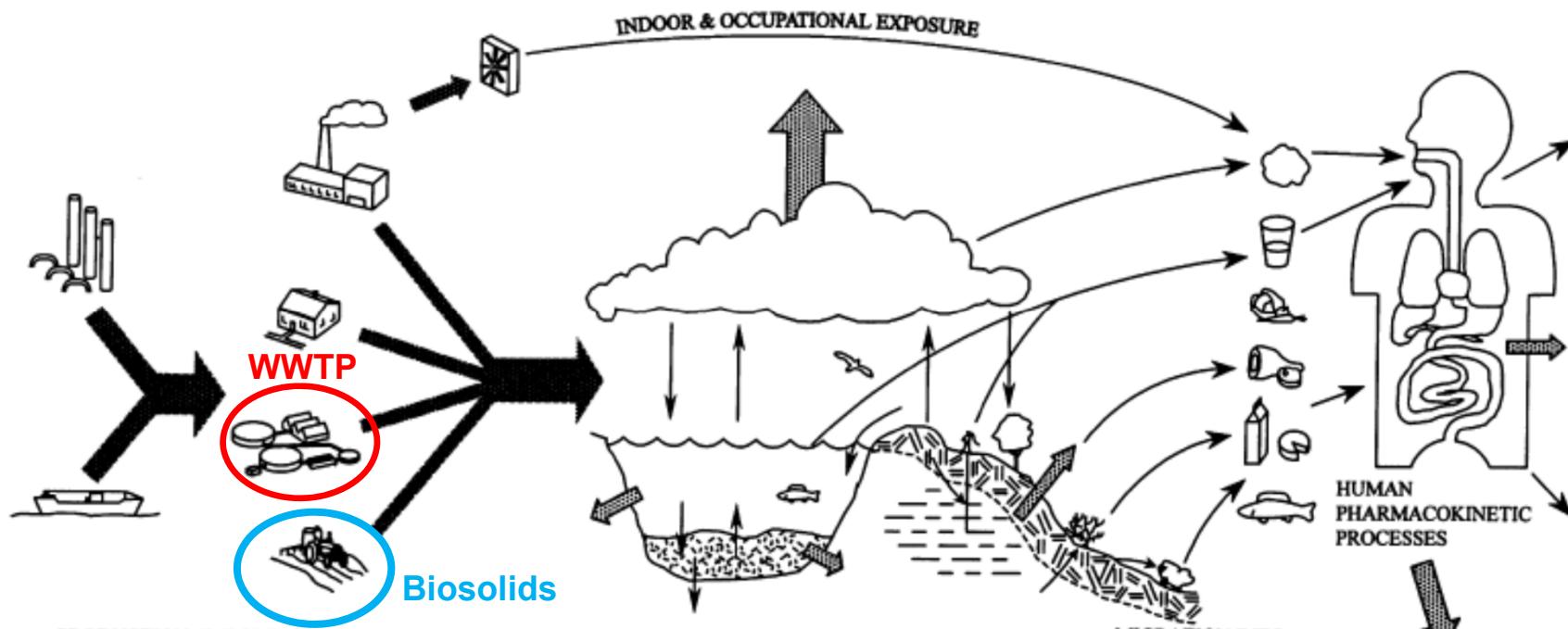
**Università degli Studi dell'Insubria**  
Dipartimento di Scienza e Alta Tecnologia  
Como

## **Perspectives on the environmental fate modelling of micropollutants**

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# Models in environmental fate study



1 . Emission

2 . Environmental fate

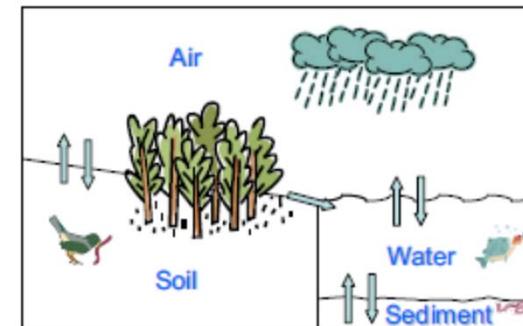
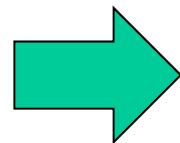
3 . Exposure

Modified from: Mackay, D., 2001. Multimedia Environmental Models: The fugacity approach. CRC press.



# From scenario to model

Design the scenario

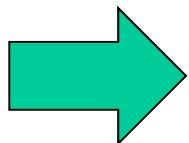


Di Guardo, A., 2014. Environmental Exposure Assessment, in: Encyclopedia of Toxicology. Elsevier, pp. 366–371.

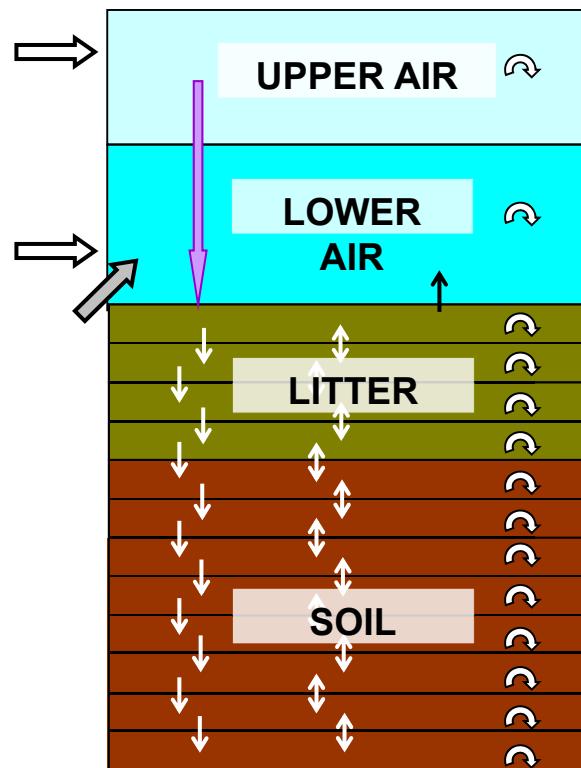


# From scenario to model

Build the Model

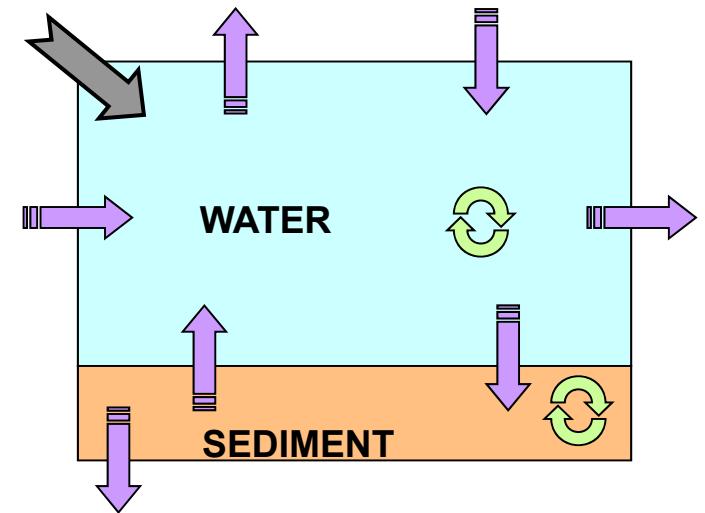


**SoilPlus Model**



Ghirardello, D., Morselli, M., Semplice, M., Di Guardo, A., 2010. Environmental Science & Technology 44, 9010–9017.

**Dyna Model**

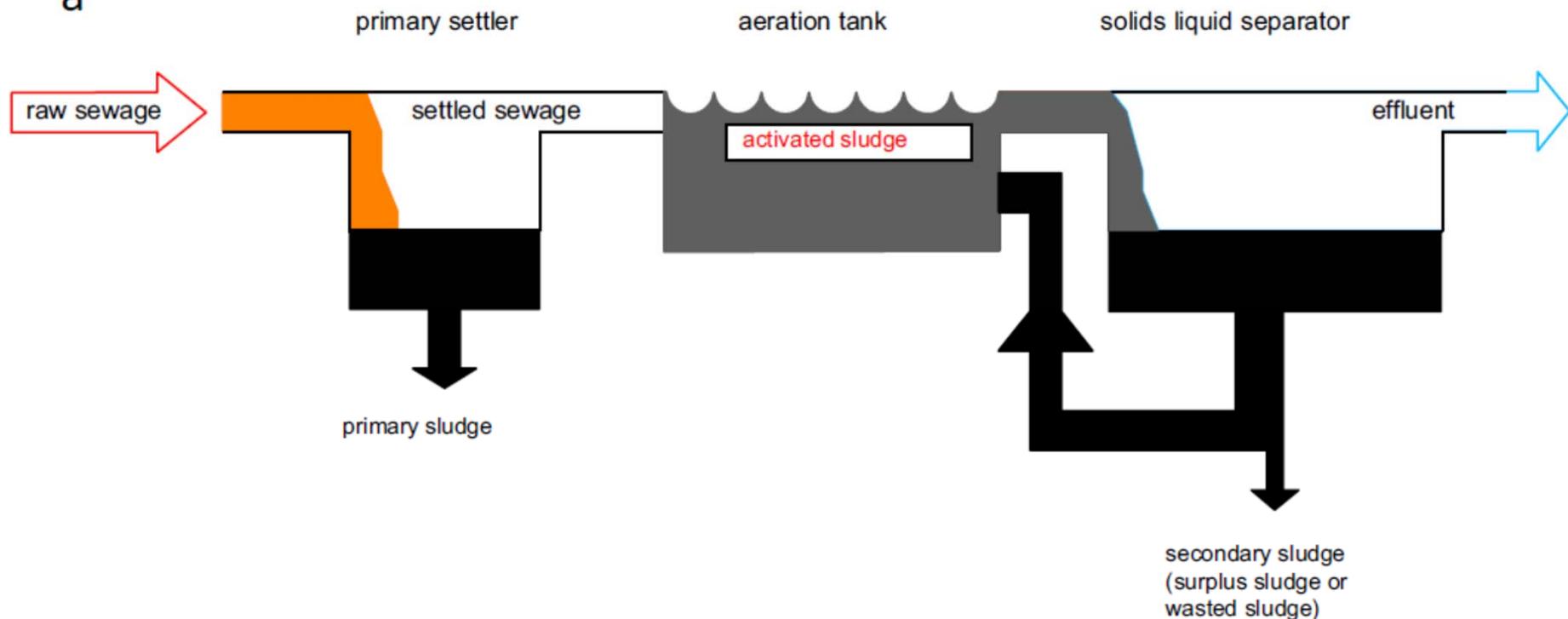


Di Guardo, A., Ferrari, C., Infantino, A., 2006.. Environmental Science and Pollution Research ,13, 50–58.



# WWTP model: SimpleTreat

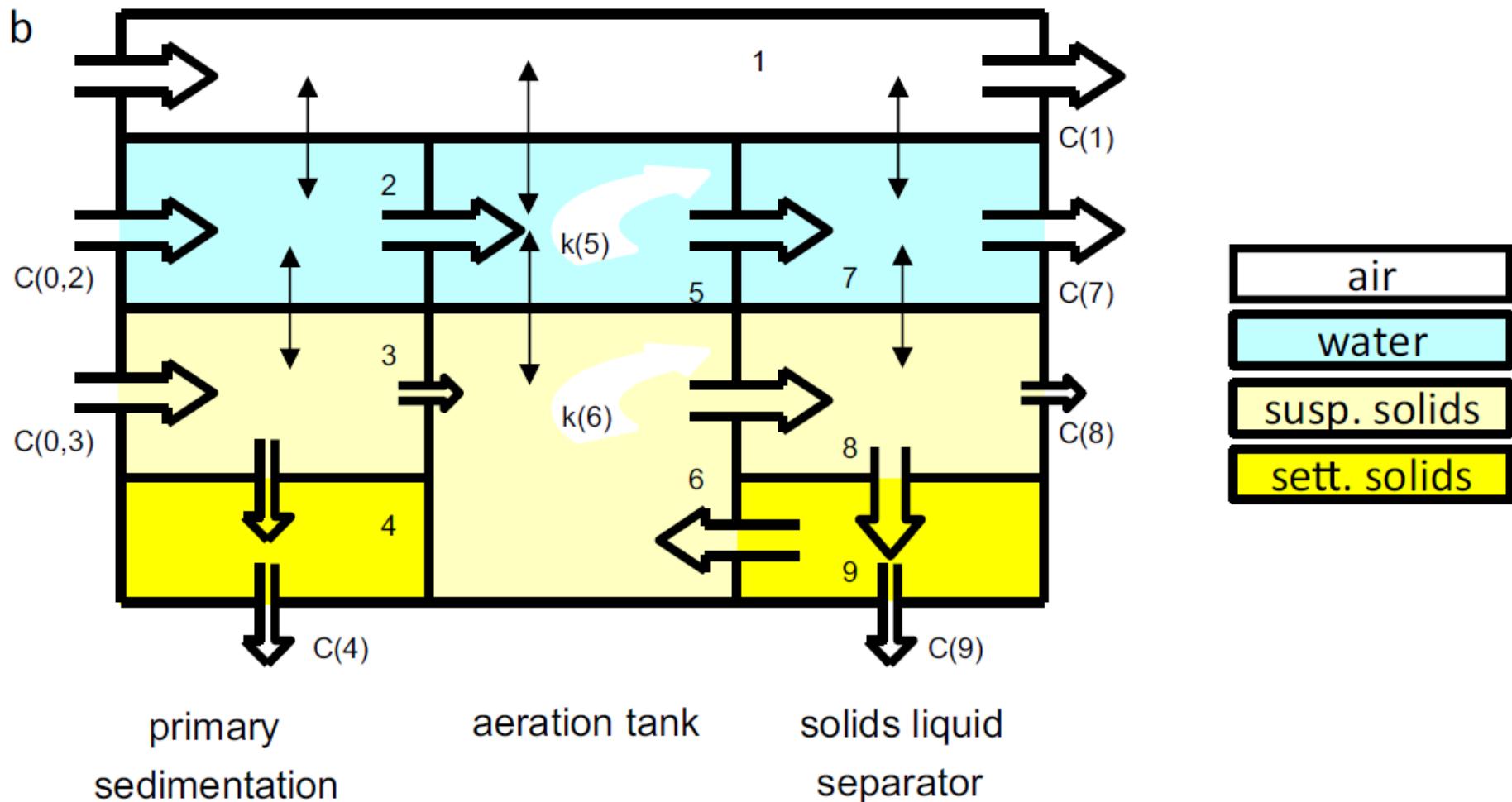
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From:Struijs et al. (2016) Chemosphere 159, 619–627.



# WWTP model: SimpleTreat



From:Struijs et al. (2016) Chemosphere 159, 619–627.



# Problems and perspectives

- About 50% of the chemicals in REACH are **polar and ionized** ( $K_{ow} \rightarrow K_d$  predictions are not valid)
- Only preliminary **estimation techniques for  $K_d$  of polar and ionized** chemicals are available → more research is needed
- Poor prediction of **degradation/adsorption** of micropollutants with the current techniques (Ozone/PAC/GAC) → e.g. influence of DOC
- **Degradation products** after micropollutant removal require additional investigations for modelling their fate (properties, halflives, etc.)
- **Contaminant uptake in sludge and release to soil** require additional research for non polar chemicals



# Thanks for your attention !

